

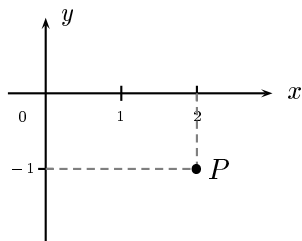
## Lista de Exercícios de CVE

### Capítulo 5: Vetores no plano e no espaço

#### Vetores no plano.

**Exemplo 1:** represente o ponto  $P(2, -1)$  no plano cartesiano.

Solução:

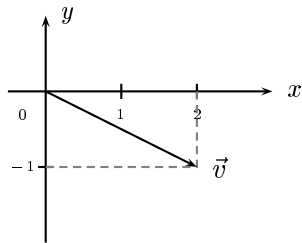


**E1)** Represente os seguintes pontos no plano cartesiano.

a)  $A(2, 1)$ , b)  $B(3, -1)$ , c)  $C(-2, 1)$ , d)  $D(-3, -2)$ .

**Exemplo 2:** represente o vetor  $\vec{v} = 2\hat{i} - \hat{j}$  no plano cartesiano.

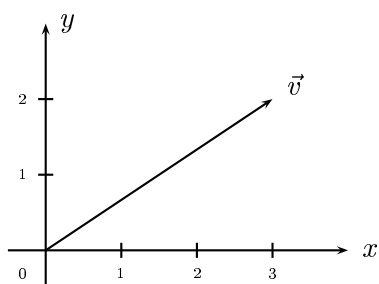
Solução:



**E2)** Represente os seguintes vetores no plano cartesiano.

a)  $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}$ , b)  $\vec{b} = -2\hat{i} + \hat{j}$ , c)  $\vec{c} = 2\hat{i}$ , d)  $\vec{d} = -\hat{i} - 2\hat{j}$ .

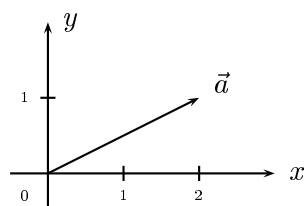
**Exemplo 3:** escreva o vetor representado abaixo em termos de suas componentes.



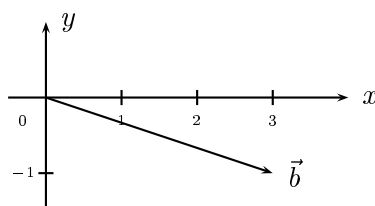
Solução:  $\vec{v} = 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}$ .

**E3)** Escreva os vetores representados abaixo em termos de suas componentes.

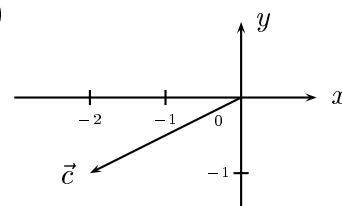
a)



b)



c)

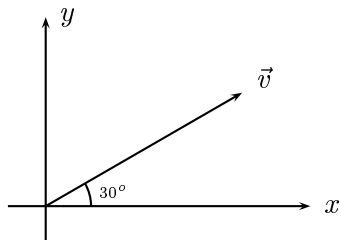


**Exemplo 4:** calcule o módulo do vetor do exemplo 2.

*Solução:*  $|\vec{v}| = \sqrt{2^2 + (-1)^2} = \sqrt{4+1} = \sqrt{5}$ .

**E4)** Calcule os módulos dos vetores do exercício E2.

**Exemplo 5:** escreva o vetor representado abaixo em termos de suas componentes sabendo que  $|\vec{v}| = 3$ .



*Solução:* dado o ângulo acima, temos da definição do cosseno que

$$\cos 30^\circ = \frac{v_x}{v} \Rightarrow v \cdot \cos 30^\circ = v_x \Rightarrow v_x = v \cdot \cos 30^\circ \Rightarrow v_x = 3 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Rightarrow v_x = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}.$$

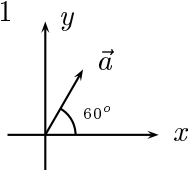
De modo semelhante, da definição do seno, obtemos

$$\sin 30^\circ = \frac{v_y}{v} \Rightarrow v \cdot \sin 30^\circ = v_y \Rightarrow v_y = v \cdot \sin 30^\circ \Rightarrow v_y = 3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow v_y = \frac{3}{2}.$$

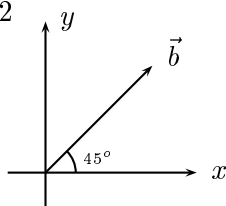
Podemos, então, escrever  $\vec{v} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}\hat{i} + \frac{3}{2}\hat{j}$ .

**E5)** Escreva os vetores representados abaixo em termos de suas componentes.

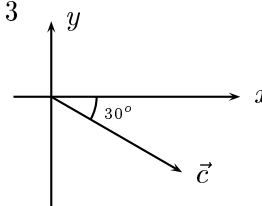
a)  $|\vec{a}| = 1$



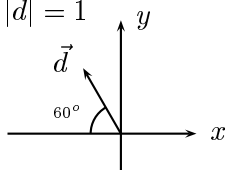
b)  $|\vec{b}| = 2$



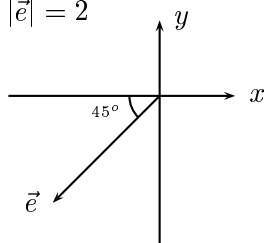
c)  $|\vec{c}| = 3$



d)  $|\vec{d}| = 1$



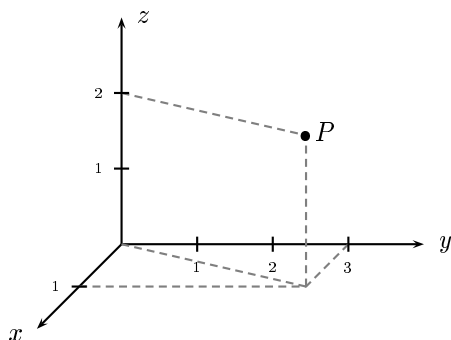
e)  $|\vec{e}| = 2$



### Vetores no espaço.

**Exemplo 6:** represente o ponto  $P(1, 3, 2)$  no espaço.

*Solução:*

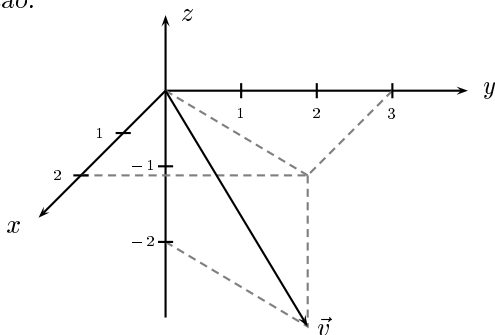


**E6)** Represente os seguintes pontos no espaço.

- a)  $A(2, 4, 3)$ , b)  $B(3, -1, 2)$ , c)  $C(-2, 1, -1)$ , d)  $D(-3, -2, 4)$ , e)  $E(1, -4, -3)$ .

**Exemplo 7:** represente o vetor  $\vec{v} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$  no espaço.

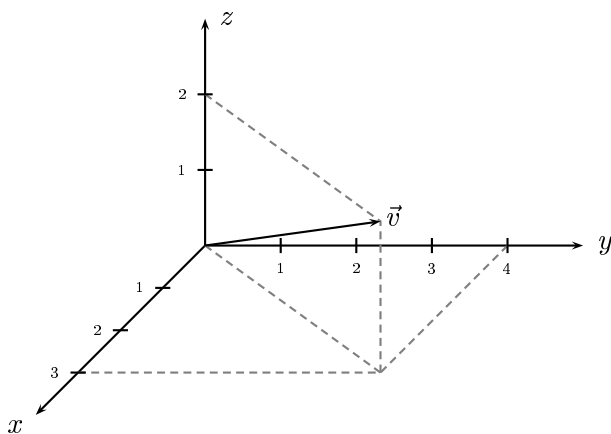
Solução:



**E7)** Represente os seguintes vetores no espaço.

- a)  $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ , b)  $\vec{b} = -2\hat{i} + \hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$ , c)  $\vec{c} = 2\hat{i} + 4\hat{k}$ , d)  $\vec{d} = 3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j}$ .

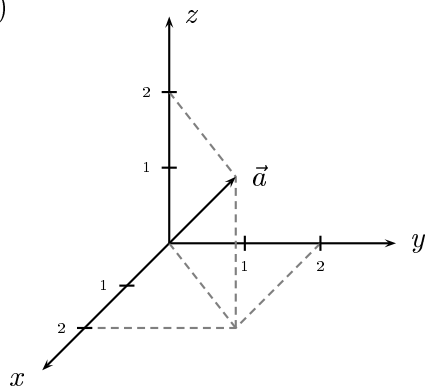
**Exemplo 8:** escreva o vetor representado abaixo em termos de suas componentes.



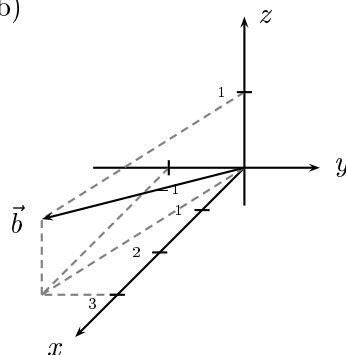
Solução:  $\vec{v} = 3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ .

**E8)** Escreva os vetores representados abaixo em termos de suas componentes.

a)



b)

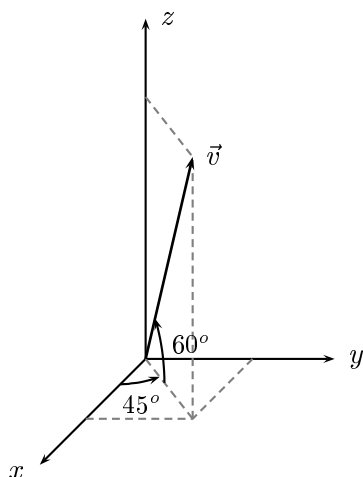


**Exemplo 9:** calcule o módulo do vetor do exemplo 7.

Solução:  $|\vec{v}| = \sqrt{2^2 + 3^2 + (-2)^2} = \sqrt{4 + 9 + 4} = \sqrt{17}$ .

**E9)** Calcule os módulos dos vetores do exercício E7.

**Exemplo 10:** escreva o vetor representado abaixo em termos de suas componentes sabendo que  $|\vec{v}| = 4$ .



*Solução:* usamos o ângulo de inclinação ( $60^\circ$ ) para calcular os módulos do vetor  $\vec{v}_z$  e do vetor resultante  $\vec{r} = \vec{v}_x + \vec{v}_y$ .

$$\cos 60^\circ = \frac{r}{v} \Rightarrow v \cdot \cos 60^\circ = r \Rightarrow r = v \cdot \cos 60^\circ \Rightarrow r = 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow r = 2,$$

$$\sin 60^\circ = \frac{v_z}{v} \Rightarrow v \cdot \sin 60^\circ = v_z \Rightarrow v_z = v \cdot \sin 60^\circ \Rightarrow v_z = 4 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Rightarrow v_z = 2\sqrt{3}.$$

Agora, usamos o ângulo de azimute ( $45^\circ$ ) para calcular os módulos dos vetores  $\vec{v}_x$  e  $\vec{v}_y$ .

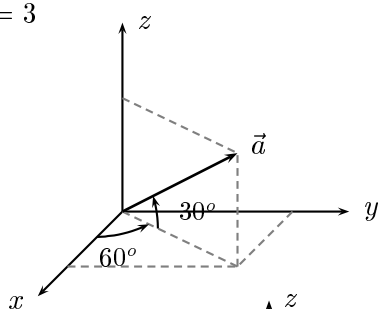
$$\begin{aligned} \cos 45^\circ = \frac{v_x}{r} \Rightarrow r \cdot \cos 45^\circ = v_x \Rightarrow v_x = r \cdot \cos 45^\circ \Rightarrow v_x = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow v_x = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow v_x = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow v_x = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow \\ \Rightarrow v_x = \sqrt{2}, \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin 45^\circ = \frac{v_y}{r} \Rightarrow r \cdot \sin 45^\circ = v_y \Rightarrow v_y = r \cdot \sin 45^\circ \Rightarrow v_y = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow v_y = \sqrt{2}.$$

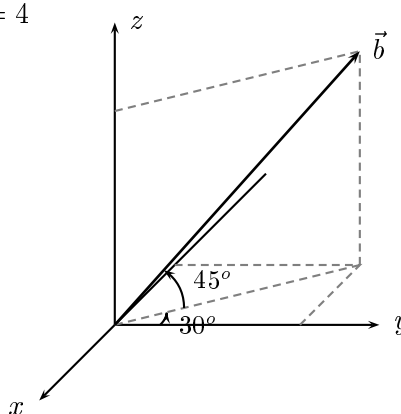
Temos, então, que  $\vec{v} = \sqrt{2}\hat{i} + \sqrt{2}\hat{j} + 2\sqrt{3}\hat{k}$ .

**E10)** Escreva os vetores representados abaixo em termos de suas componentes.

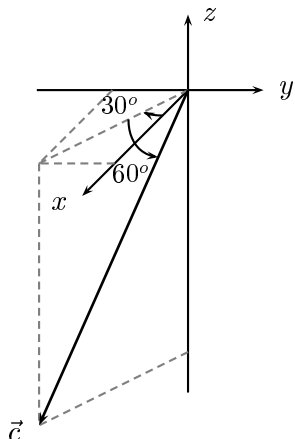
a)  $|\vec{a}| = 3$



b)  $|\vec{b}| = 4$



c)  $|\vec{c}| = 4$



**Soma de vetores.**

**Exemplo 11:** dados os vetores  $\vec{u} = 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - \hat{k}$  e  $\vec{v} = -\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}$ , calcule  $\vec{u} + \vec{v}$ .

Solução:  $\vec{u} + \vec{v} = (3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - \hat{k}) + (-\hat{i} + 2\hat{j}) = (3 - 1)\hat{i} + (2 + 2)\hat{j} + (-1 + 0)\hat{k} = 2\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - \hat{k}$ .

**E11)** Dados os vetores  $\vec{a} = 3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ ,  $\vec{b} = -2\hat{i} + \hat{j}$  e  $\vec{c} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} - \hat{k}$ , calcule:

- a)  $\vec{a} + \vec{b}$ , b)  $\vec{a} + \vec{c}$ , c)  $\vec{b} + \vec{c}$ , d)  $\vec{a} + \vec{b} + \vec{c}$ .

**Produto de um vetor por um escalar.**

**Exemplo 12:** dado o vetor  $\vec{v} = 3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - \hat{k}$ , calcule  $2\vec{v}$ .

Solução:  $2\vec{v} = 2(3\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - \hat{k}) = 2.3\hat{i} + 2.2\hat{j} + 2(-1)\hat{k} = 6\hat{i} + 4\hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$ .

**E12)** Dados os vetores  $\vec{a} = 3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$  e  $\vec{b} = -2\hat{i} + \hat{j}$ , calcule:

- a)  $3\vec{a}$ , b)  $-\vec{b}$ , c)  $\frac{1}{2}\vec{a}$ , d)  $-\frac{1}{3}\vec{b}$ .

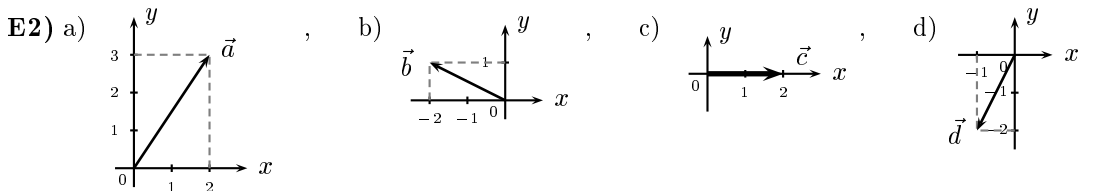
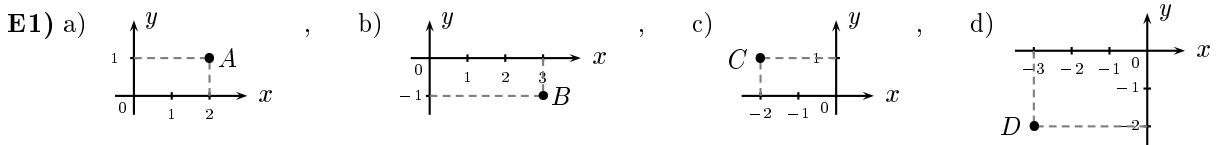
**Exemplo 13:** dados os vetores  $\vec{u} = 3\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$  e  $\vec{v} = \hat{i} - 3\hat{k}$ , calcule  $2\vec{u} - \vec{v}$ .

Solução:  $2\vec{u} - \vec{v} = 2(3\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}) - (\hat{i} - 3\hat{k}) = 6\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 4\hat{k} - \hat{i} + 3\hat{k} = (6 - 1)\hat{i} + (-2 + 0)\hat{j} + (4 + 3)\hat{k} = 5\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 7\hat{k}$ .

**E13)** Dados os vetores  $\vec{a} = 3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ ,  $\vec{b} = -2\hat{i} + \hat{j}$  e  $\vec{c} = \hat{i} + \hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$ , calcule:

- a)  $2\vec{a} - \vec{b}$ , b)  $\vec{a} + 3\vec{b}$ , c)  $\frac{1}{2}\vec{a} - 2\vec{c}$ , d)  $0,5\vec{a} - 0,1\vec{b} + 0,4\vec{c}$ .

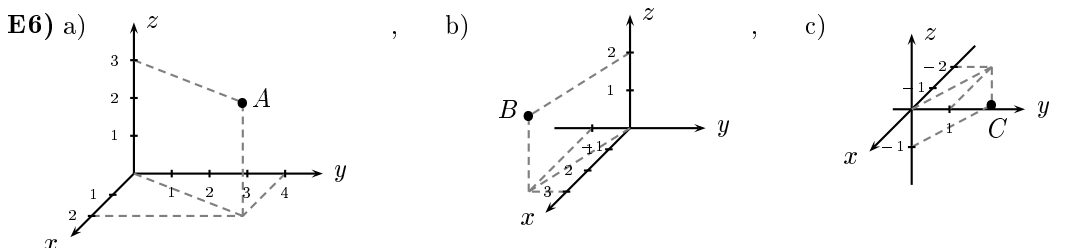
**Respostas**

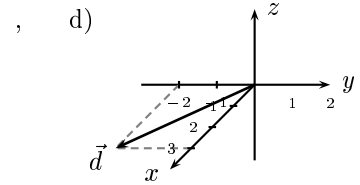
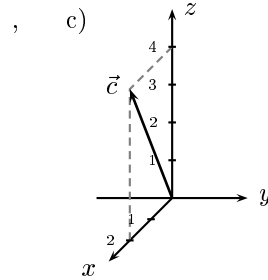
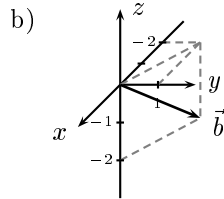
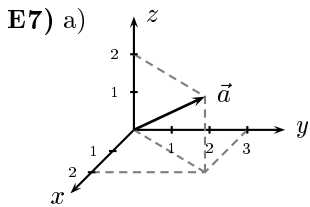
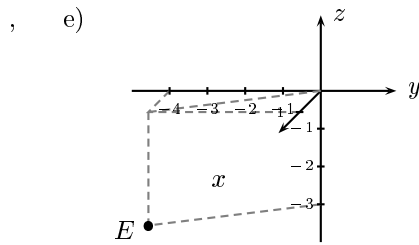
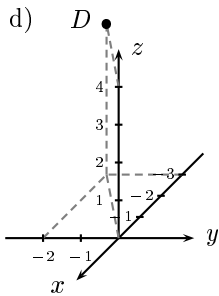


**E3)** a)  $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} + \hat{j}$ , b)  $\vec{b} = 3\hat{i} - \hat{j}$ , c)  $\vec{c} = -2\hat{i} - \hat{j}$ .

**E4)** a)  $\sqrt{13}$ , b)  $\sqrt{5}$ , c) 2, d)  $\sqrt{5}$ .

**E5)** a)  $\vec{a} = \frac{1}{2}\hat{i} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\hat{j}$ , b)  $\vec{b} = \sqrt{2}\hat{i} + \sqrt{2}\hat{j}$ , c)  $\vec{c} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}\hat{i} - \frac{1}{2}\hat{j}$ , d)  $\vec{d} = -\frac{1}{2}\hat{i} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\hat{j}$ , e)  $\vec{e} = -\sqrt{2}\hat{i} - \sqrt{2}\hat{j}$ .





E8) a)  $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ , b)  $\vec{b} = 3\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ .

E9) a)  $\sqrt{17}$ , b) 3, c)  $2\sqrt{5}$ , d)  $\sqrt{13}$ .

E10) a)  $\vec{a} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}\hat{i} + \frac{9}{4}\hat{j} + \frac{3}{2}\hat{k}$ , b)  $\vec{b} = -\sqrt{2}\hat{i} + \sqrt{6}\hat{j} + 2\sqrt{2}\hat{k}$ , c)  $\vec{c} = \sqrt{3}\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\sqrt{3}\hat{k}$ .

E11) a)  $\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ , b)  $4\hat{i} - \hat{j}$ , c)  $-\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - \hat{k}$ , d)  $2\hat{i}$ .

E12) a)  $9\hat{i} - 6\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ , b)  $2\hat{i} - \hat{j}$ , c)  $\frac{1}{2}\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \frac{1}{2}\hat{k}$ , d)  $\frac{2}{3}\hat{i} - \frac{1}{3}\hat{j}$ .

E13) a)  $8\hat{i} - 5\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ , b)  $-3\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ , c)  $-\frac{1}{2}\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} + \frac{13}{2}\hat{k}$ , d)  $2, 1\hat{i} - 0, 7\hat{j} - 0, 7\hat{k}$ .